

*Klaikeaw N***Case 1**

Female 35 yrs. with HIV positive presented with nodular skin lesions and liver mass. The liver biopsy was performed without complication. The section showed lesions of blood-filled cystic spaces look similar to peliosis. The lesion is composed of fibrovascular and vascular proliferation accompanied by neutrophils. Warthin-Starry stain reveals groups of bacteria (*Bartonella henselae*) (Figure 1-3).

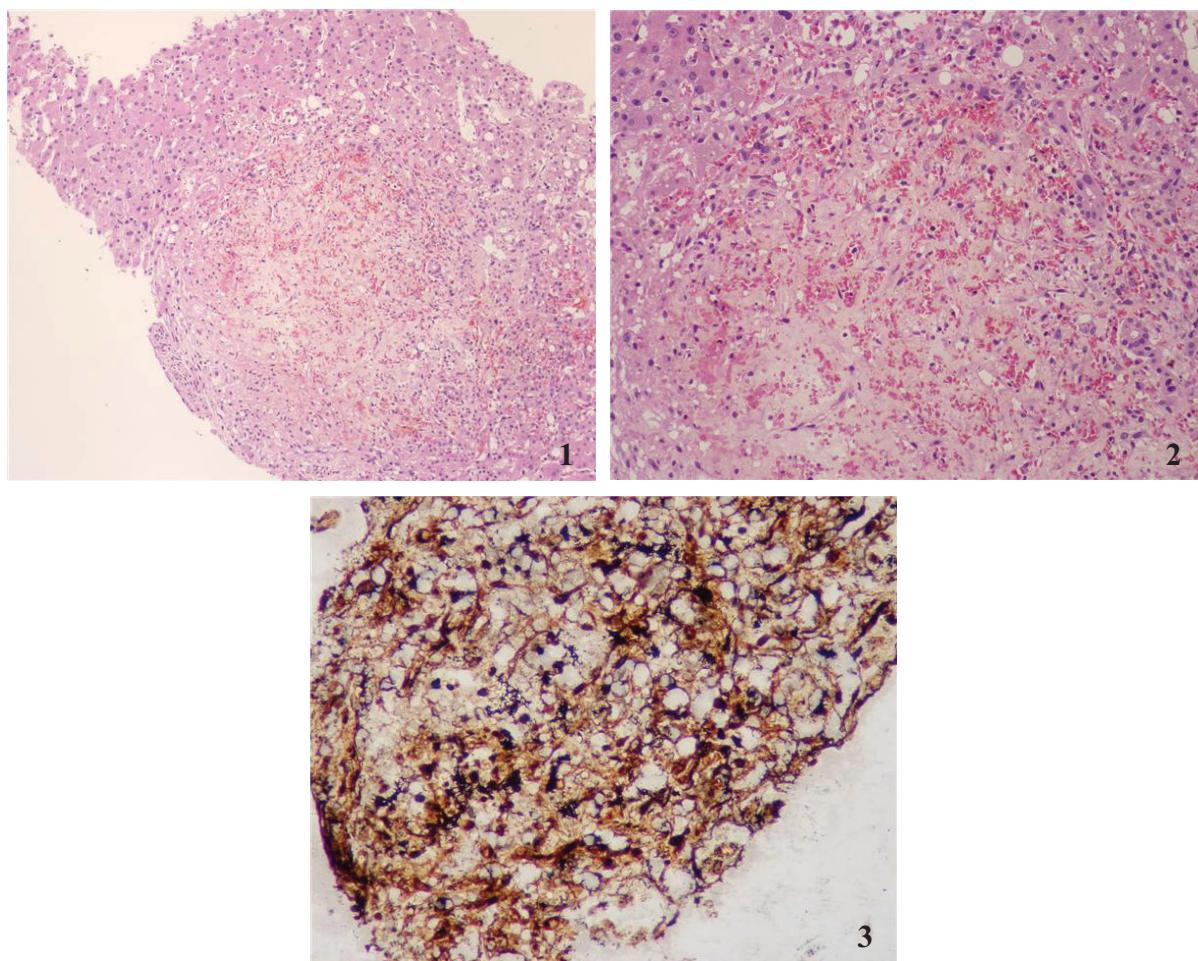


Figure 1-3.

**What is the most likely diagnosis?**

(Answer see page 168)

**Case 2**

Male 32 yrs. presented with single liver mass. He had neither history of blood transfusion nor taking alcohol consumption. The liver biopsy was performed without complication. The section showed mass in the liver comprises fatty tissue, bone marrow element, and thick-walled vessels (Figure 4-5).

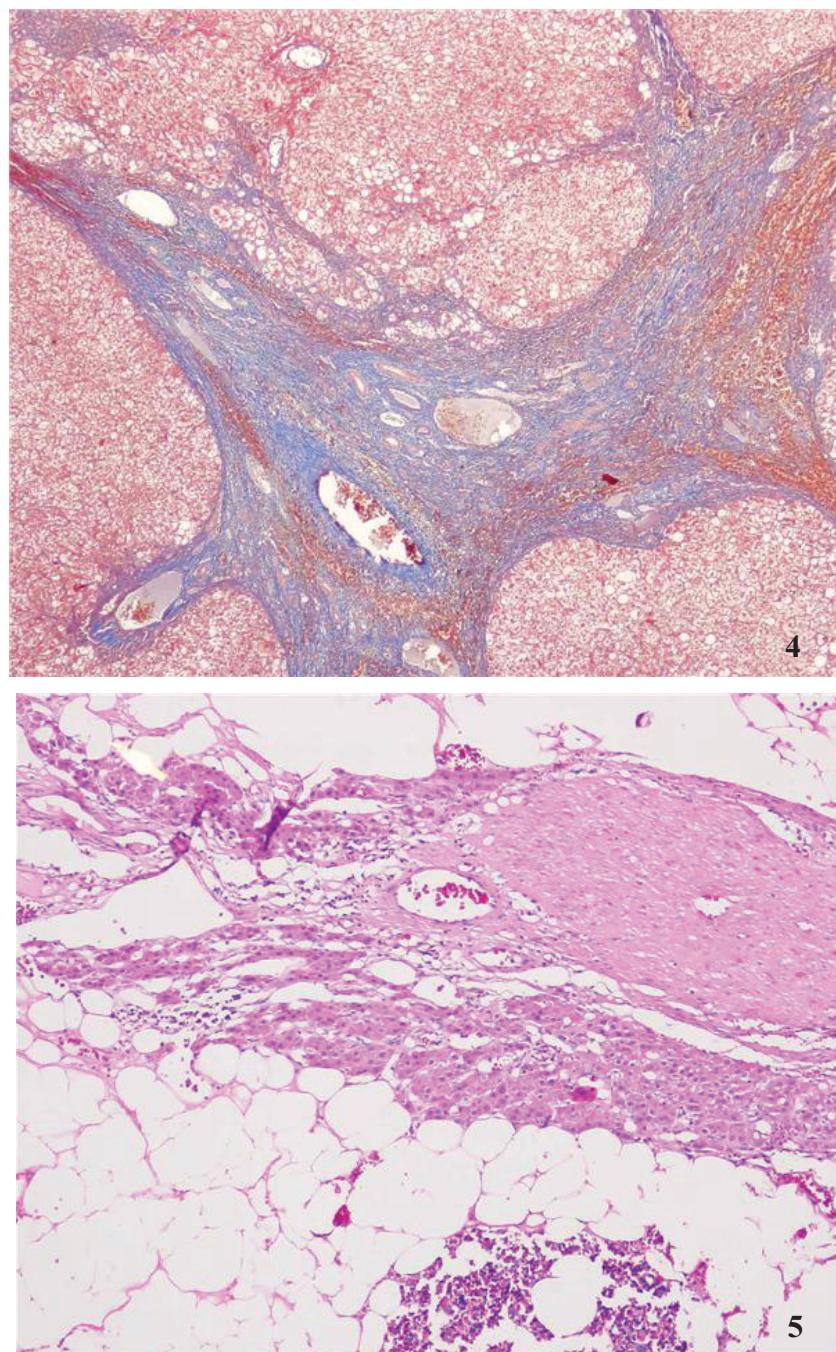


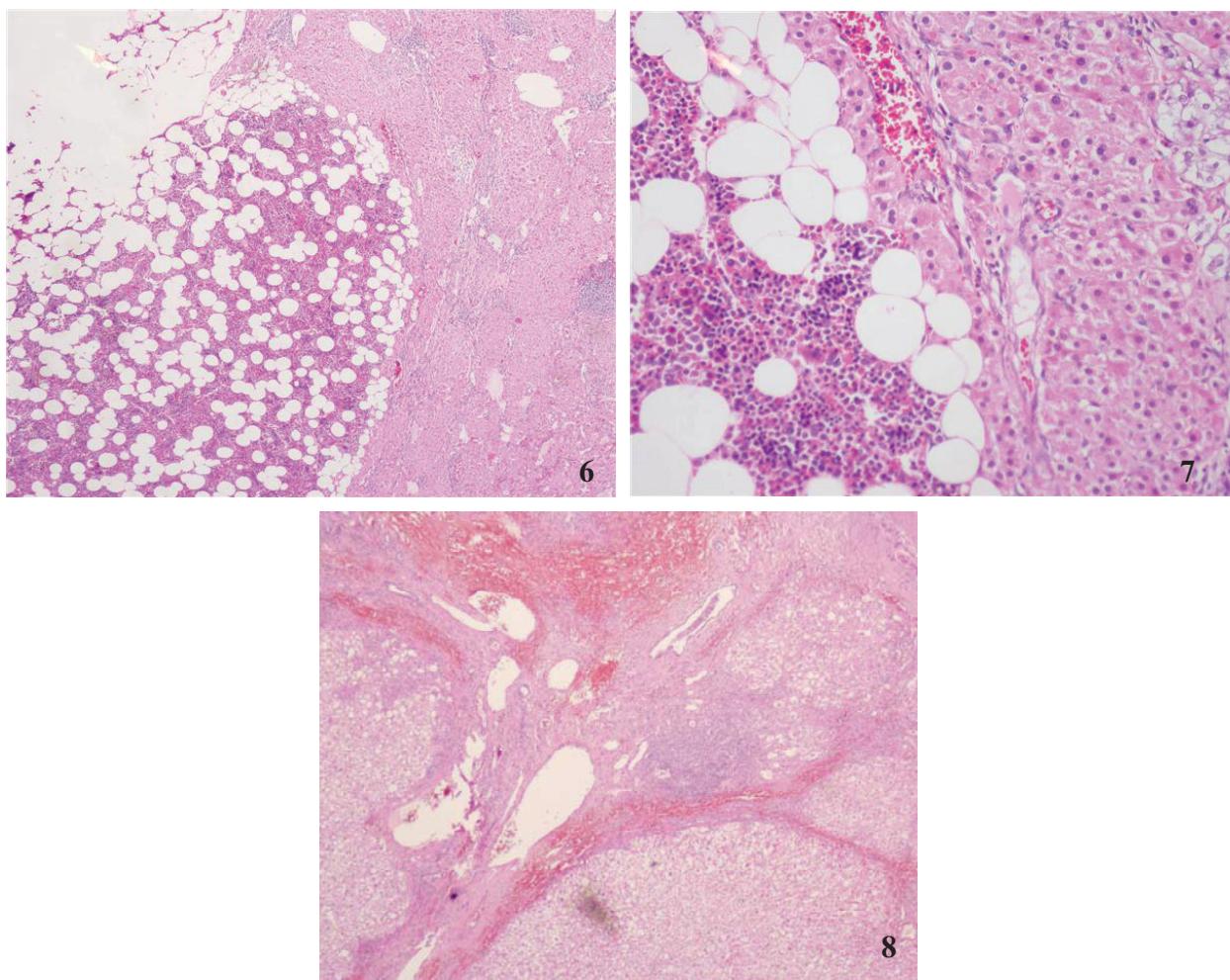
Figure 4-5.

**What is the most likely diagnosis?**

(Answer see page 168)

**Case 3**

Male 30 yrs, no underlying disease, found with liver mass. The liver biopsy was performed without complication. The section showed multinodular lesions dissected by fibrous bands harboring small bile ductules and cluster of thick-walled blood vessels (Figure 6-8).



**Figure 6-8.**

**What is the most likely diagnosis?**

(Answer see page 168)

**Answer for patho corner**

- Case 1 = Liver bacillary angiomatosis
- Case 2 = Fibronodular Hyperplasia (FNH)
- Case 3 = Liver Myelofibroma